

Integrated surveillance of West Nile and Usutu virus

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National data

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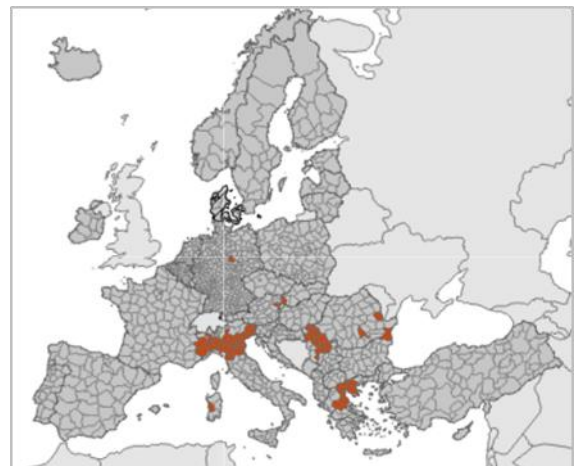
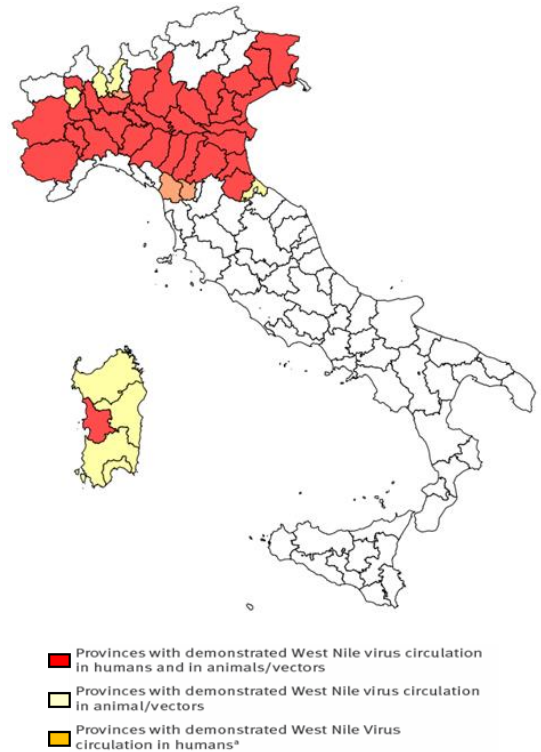
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In Evidence

This report summarizes the results of West Nile virus and the Usutu virus surveillance activities in Italy, updated to **30-8-2022**

- Since June 2022, **386** confirmed cases of West Nile Virus (WNV) infection in humans have been reported in Italy; **192** occurred in the neuro-invasive form (23 Piedmont, 14 Lombardy, 100 Veneto, 4 Friuli-Venezia Giulia, 46 Emilia-Romagna, 3 Tuscany, 2 Sardinia), **61** cases identified in blood donors (6 Piedmont, 17 Lombardy, 24 Veneto, 13 Emilia-Romagna, 1 not indicated), **127** cases of fever (1 Piedmont, 9 Lombardy, 106 Veneto, 8 Friuli-Venezia Giulia, 2 Emilia-Romagna, 1 case imported from Spain) and 6 cases symptomatic (1 Lombardy, 4 Veneto, 1 Friuli-Venezia Giulia). The first human case of the season was reported by Veneto in June in the province of Padua. Among the confirmed cases, 22 deaths were reported (13 in Veneto, 4 in Piedmont, 3 in Lombardy and 2 in Emilia-Romagna). In the same period, 4 confirmed cases of Usutu virus were reported, 3 in blood donors (2 Friuli-Venezia Giulia, 1 Piedmont) and 1 case of fever (1 Emilia-Romagna).
- Surveillance in mosquitoes, resident birds, wild birds, poultry and horses confirmed the circulation of WNV in **Piemonte Veneto, Emilia Romagna, Lombardia, Friuli Venezia Giulia and Sardegna** region. Molecular analysis confirmed **Lineage 2** and **Lineage 1** circulation.
- As of 24 August 2022, 394 human cases of WNV have been reported in the EU Member States (299 Italy, 83 Greece, 8 Romania, 2 Austria, 1 Germany, 1 Slovakia) of which 21 deaths (15 Italy, 5 Greece, 1 Romania). 81 cases were reported from neighboring countries (81 Serbia) including 6 deaths ([Source: ECDC 2022](#)).

Figure 1. Provinces where WNV has been detected in vectors, animals and humans (blood donor, fever and neuroinvasive cases)



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Human

Since June 2022, the start of surveillance, **386** of West Nile Virus (WNV) infection have been reported in Italy, **192** WNND (Table 1) all autochthonous cases, **61** identified in blood donors and **127** cases of fever . Details of WNND are provided below.

Region/Province	Age group					Total
	<=14	15-44	45-64	65-74	>=75	
Piemonte						
Alessandria	1				1	2
Asti					2	2
Cuneo				1		1
Novara			2		7	9
Torino			1		2	3
Vercelli			1	1	4	6
Lombardia						
Brescia				2	2	4
Cremona					3	3
Lodi				1		1
Mantova					2	2
Milano			1			1
Pavia				1	1	2
Veneto						
Padova		3	10	16	34	63
Rovigo				4	7	11
Treviso			1		1	2
Venezia			1	4	8	13
Verona		1	3		1	5
Vicenza			1		5	6
Friuli-Venezia Giulia						
Gorizia					1	1
Pordenone				1	2	3
Emilia-Romagna						
Bologna			1	1		2
Ferrara			1	5	5	11
Modena		2	2	6	2	12
Parma			1	2	3	6
Piacenza				3	3	6
Ravenna			1	2	3	6
Reggio Emilia			1	1	1	3
Toscana						
Lucca		1				1
Pistoia					2	2
Sardegna						
Oristano				1	1	2
Total	1	7	28	52	103	191

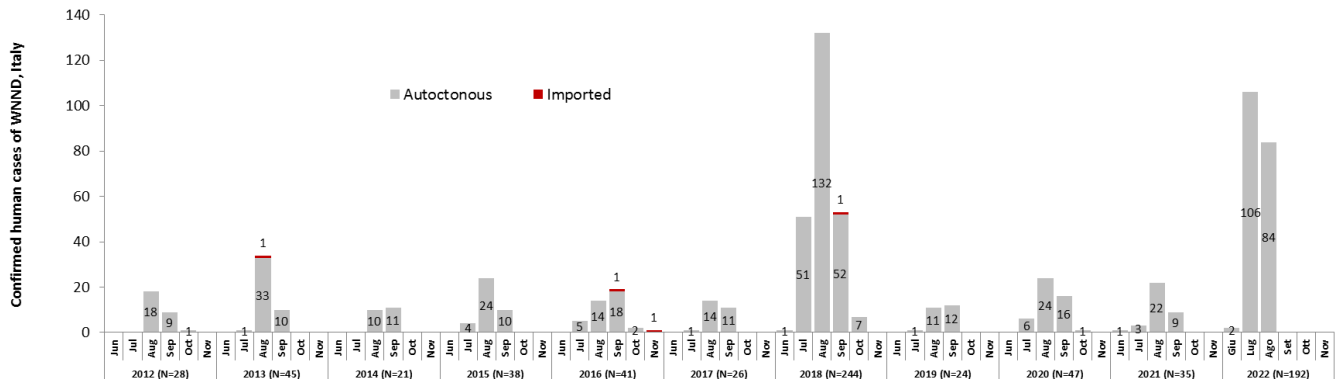


Figure 1. Trend of confirmed cases of WNND by month onset of symptoms. Italy: 2012 - 2022.

3

Horses

18 WNND outbreaks in horses have been confirmed by the National Reference Centre for exotic diseases (CESME) in **Piemonte, Friuli Venezia Giulia, Emilia Romagna, Lombardia and Veneto** region .

Region	Province	N. Outbreaks	N. Clinical outbreaks	Outbreaks details				Prevalence (%)	Letality (%)
				Susceptible	N.cases	Clinical cases	Death/ slaughtered		
VENETO	Padova	4	4	48	4	4	0	0,08	0
	Venezia	1	1	103	1	1	0	0,01	0
	Vicenza	2	2	25	2	2	0	0,08	0
LOMBARDIA	Cremona	1	1	3	1	1	0	0,33	0
	Mantova	2	2	2	2	2	1	1,00	1
	Brescia	2	2	18	2	2	0	0,11	0
EMILIA ROMAGNA	Piacenza	1	1	101	1	1	0	0,01	0
	Parma	1	1	46	1	1	1	0,02	100
FRIULI VENEZIA GIULIA	Udine	1	1	1	1	1	0	1,00	0
PIEMONTE	Biella	1	1	24	1	1	1	0,04	0
	Novara	1	1	9	1	1	0	0,11	0
	Cuneo	1	1	34	1	1	1	0,03	0
Total		18	18	449	15	15	1	0,04	0,07

Table 2 West Nile Disease in horses- **2022**



Figure 2 Geographical distribution West Nile virus detection in horses - **2022**

4

Resident birds of target species

CESME confirmed WNV in **72** resident birds belong to target species from **Emilia Romagna, Lombardia, Friuli Venezia Giulia, Piemonte, Sardegna and Veneto** region. The circulating strains belong to **Lineage 2** and **Lineage 1**.

The target species for the surveillance are :

- Magpie (*Pica pica*)
- Carrion crow (*Corvus corone cornix*)
- Eurasian jay (*Garrulus glandarius*)



Regione	Provincia	Cornacchia	Gazza	Ghlandala	n.uccelli+
EMILIA ROMAGNA	Piacenza	0	3	0	3
	Bologna	0	3	0	3
	Ferrara	4	15	0	19
	Ravenna	0	5	1	6
	Parma	5	1	0	6
	Rimini	0	2	0	2
	Reggio Emilia	3	4	0	7
LOMBARDIA	Milano	1	0	0	1
VENETO	Verona	2	0	0	2
	Venezia	2	0	3	5
	Padova	4	3	0	7
	Rovigo	2	2	1	5
PIEMONTE	Cuneo	1	0	0	1
SARDEGNA	Sud Sardegna	4	0	0	4
FRIULI VENEZIA GIULIA	Udine	1	0	0	1
Totale		29	38	5	72

Table 3 West Nile virus detection in birds belong to target species- **2022**

Figure 3 Geographical distribution West Nile virus detection in birds belong to target species - **2022**

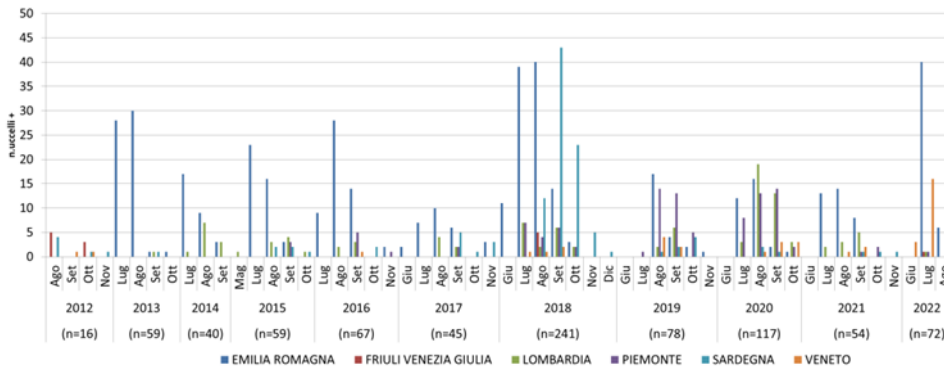


Figure 2 Spatio-temporal distribution West Nile virus detection in birds belong to target species - **2022**

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Wild birds

CESME confirmed WNV in **79 wild birds** from **Veneto, Emilia Romagna, Lombardia and Sardegna** region. The circulating strains belong to **Lineage 1 and Lineage 2**.



Region	Province	n.birds+
SARDEGNA	Nuoro	1
	Venezia	25
VENETO	Rovigo	23
	Padova	21
	Pavia	1
LOMBARDIA	Varese	1
	Bologna	1
EMILIA ROMAGNA	Ferrara	1
	Piacenza	5
	Total	79

Table 2 West Nile virus detection in wild birds - 2022

Figure 3 Geographical distribution West Nile virus detection in wild birds- 2022

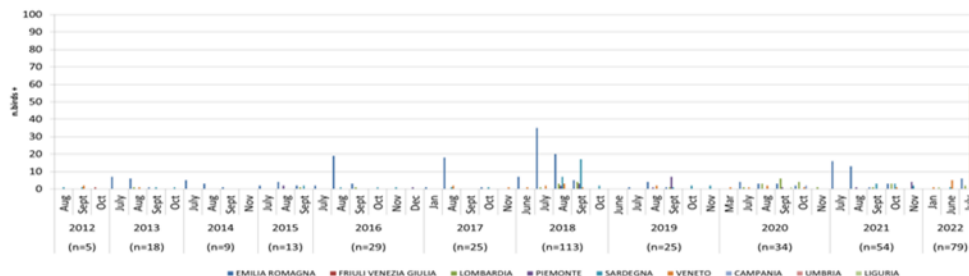


Figure 4 Spatio-temporal distribution West Nile virus detection in wild birds - 2022

6

Entomological surveillance

WNV genome has been reported in **188 mosquitoes pool** collected in **Veneto, Emilia Romagna, Piemonte, Friuli Venezia Giulia and Lombardia** region. The circulating strains belong to **Lineage 1 and Lineage 2**.



Figure 5 Geographical distribution West Nile virus detection in mosquitoes - **2022**

Region	Province	n.pool+
EMILIA ROMAGNA	Bologna	7
	Ferrara	13
	Modena	16
	Piacenza	11
	Ravenna	2
	Forlì Cesena	1
	Parma	12
	Reggio Emilia	13
FRIULI VENEZIA GIULIA	Udine	3
	Pordenone	2
	Gorizia	1
LOMBARDIA	Brescia	3
	Lodi	1
	Como	1
	Mantova	5
	Pavia	5
PIEMONTE	Cuneo	2
	Asti	1
	Alessandria	3
	Vercelli	5
	Torino	1
	Novara	2
	VENETO	Padova
Rovigo		27
Venezia		22
Vicenza		5
Verona		6
Treviso		4
SARDEGNA		Oristano
Total		188

Table 3 West Nile virus detection in mosquitoes- **2022**

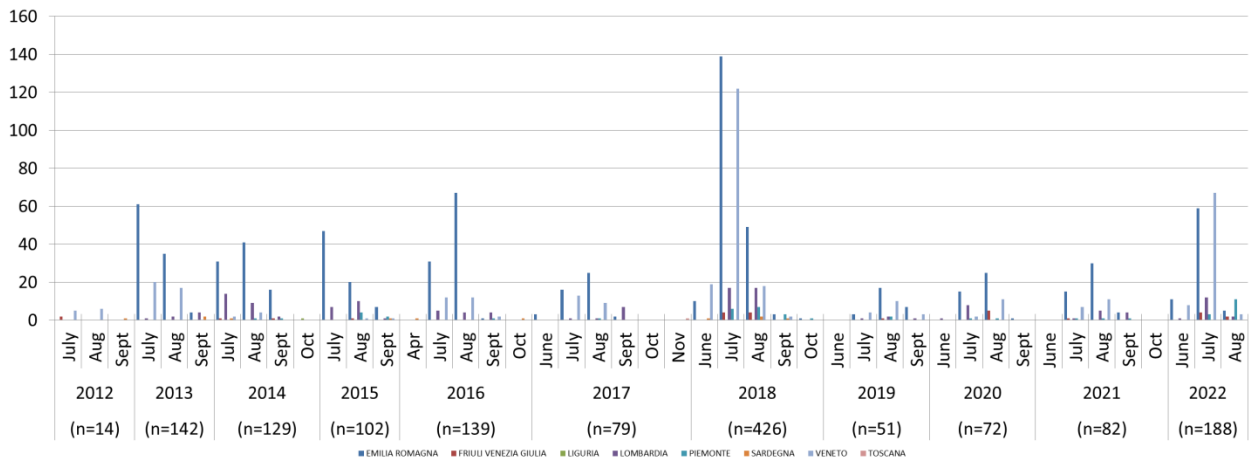


Figure 6 Spatio-temporal distribution West Nile virus detection in mosquitoes - **2022**

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Poultry surveillance

- No WND outbreaks have been confirmed in poultry flocks.



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USUTU virus surveillance

Usutu virus has been detected in **89 mosquitoes pool** and **34 wild birds** from **Emilia Romagna, Lombardia, Marche, Friuli Venezia Giulia, Sardegna, Umbria, Toscana, Lazio and Veneto region.**



Region	Province	n.pool+
MARCHE	Pesaro e Urbino	6
	Ancona	2
	Ascoli Piceno	1
	Macerata	2
EMILIA ROMAGNA	Modena	13
	Ferrara	2
	Ravenna	4
	Bologna	8
	Reggio Emilia	17
	Parma	5
	Ravenna	2
FRIULI VENEZIA GIULIA	Pordenone	1
LAZIO	Latina	3
	Roma	3
	Frosinone	1
LOMBARDIA	Milano	1
	Brescia	2
UMBRIA	Terni	1
	Perugia	3
VENETO	Verona	4
	Treviso	1
	Padova	2
	Vicenza	2
TOSCANA	Firenze	1
PIEMONTE	Alessandria	3
SARDEGNA	Nuoro	1
Total		89

Table 4 Usutu virus detection in mosquitoes -2022

Figure 7 Geographical distribution Usutu virus detection in birds and mosquitoes - 2022

Region	Province	n.birds+
FRIULI VENEZIA GIULIA	Udine	3
VENETO	Vicenza	1
	Venezia	2
EMILIA ROMAGNA	Piacenza	1
	Bologna	5
	Ravenna	1
	Rimini	11
	Forlì Cesena	5
TOSCANA	Arezzo	2
UMBRIA	Perugia	3
Total		34

Table 4 Usutu virus detection in birds -2022

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National Plan for Prevention, Surveillance and Response to Arbovirus 2020-2025

West Nile (WNV) and Usutu (USUV) viruses surveillance activities since 2020 are included in the National Plan for Prevention, Surveillance and Response to Arbovirus 2020-2025.

The Plan integrates in a unique document the surveillance measures to be implemented at the national level for autochthonous and imported arboviruses, promoting a multidisciplinary approach in the management of surveillance and control activities.

More details about the integrated surveillance plan are available on the complete document «National Plan for Prevention, Surveillance and Response to Arbovirus 2020-2025.»

National Human surveillance activities are coordinated by the National Institute of Health (Istituto Superiore di Sanità, ISS) and the Ministry of Health is responsible to provide surveillance data to the European Commission and to ECDC. Moreover regions can implement normative-programmatic documents for the epidemiological and laboratory surveillance on their territory according to National legislation and guidelines provided by the Ministry of Health .

Veterinary surveillance activities are coordinated by the National Reference Center for the exotic diseases of animals (CESME) which harmonize the diagnostic procedures within the network of IIZZSS national laboratories and confirms suspected specimens. CESME is also in charge for the veterinary surveillance data management, collection and communication to the Ministry of Health according to the data flow reported in the Plan.

Useful links

- Web page of [National Institute of Health](#)
- Web page of [Istituto Zooprofilattico Sperimentale dell'Abruzzo e del Molise "G. Caporale"](#) (CESME)
- Directions of the [National Italian Blood Center](#)
- Directions of the [National Italian Transplant Center](#)
- Web page of the [Italian Ministry of Health](#)
- Web page of [ECDC](#)

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